

#### UNIVERSITY OF PERUGIA

# TEACHING REGULATIONS FOR THE MASTER'S DEGREE COURSE in AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Class LM-7, Agricultural Biotechnology)

pursuant to Ministerial Decree 270/2004 and subsequent amendments

#### Art. 1 - Objectives

- 1. This Didactic Regulation (RD) define the didactic contents and organizational aspects of the Master's Degree Course (CdLM) in AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB), pursuant to the provisions of art. 12 of the Ministerial Decree n. 270/2004 and subsequent amendments and by the current University Didactic Regulation (RDA).
- 2. The Degree Course in AEB was activated on 01/01/2014 in Italian as "Biotecnologie Agrarie e Ambientali"; starting from 01/04/2020, there was a change in the didactic activities and it took the name of "Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology" and it is delivered in English.
- The CdLM in AEB is offered and takes place in the Department of Agricultural, Food and Environmental Sciences (DSA3) and confer the academic title of Master of Science (Laurea Magistrale).
- 3. Pursuant to current legislation and the provisions of the University of Perugia Statute and the University Didactic Regulation, the functions envisaged in the present teaching regulation are carried out by the Master's Degree Course Council (CCdLM).
- 4. The CCdLM has the functions provided for by art. 45 of the University of Perugia Statute.

#### Art. 2 - Contents of the Didactic Regulations of the CdLM

#### 1. The RD determines:

- a) the list of study units, with an indication of the scientific-disciplinary sectors of reference, and of any other envisaged training activity;
- b) the specific educational objectives, the University Educational Credits (CFU) and any preparatory aspects of each course and any other educational activity;
- c) the typologies of didactic activities, including those at a distance, of the evaluation of the achievement and of the other verifications of the students' achievement;
- d) the criteria for planning and managing didactic activities;
- e) the provisions on any attendance obligations;
- f) the criteria for the distribution of material and financial resources among the individual study units;



- g) the modalities for the evaluation of the didactic activity;
- h) the modalities of the final exam and graduation of the CdLM;
- i) the criteria for the recognition of the credits acquired in other study programs, both at the University of Perugia and at other Universities;
- 1) the types and methods of tutoring.
- 2. The RD, according to the provisions of art. 11, paragraph 2, of Law 341/1990, and by art. 12, paragraph 1 of the Ministerial Decree no. 270/2004 is resolved and approved with the procedures envisaged by the University of Perugia RD.

#### **Art. 3 - Structure and organization of the course**

- 1. The CdLM has a sustainable audience of 60 students.
- 2. The CdLM is organized and managed according to the following articles on the basis of the following acts:
  - a) Didactic organization (annex A) which defines the structure and organization of the CdLM, pursuant to paragraph 3 of art. 11 of Ministerial Decree No. 270/2004.
  - b) Framework of teaching and training activities (Annex B) which defines the specific objectives, the prerequisites, the types of tests for the assessment of student progress and the credits, pursuant to art. 12 paragraph 2, letters a) and b) of Ministerial Decree No. 270/2004 and subsequent amendments.
  - c) Articulation of teaching activities (Annex C) which determines the organizational methods of the AEB study program, with particular regard to the distribution of study units over the two-year period.
  - d) Criteria and procedures that students must follow in carrying out some training activities (Annex D) for the purposes of a correct functioning of the CdLM and a profitable level of their learning.
- 3. The attachments to these Regulations are an integral part of it.

#### Art. 4 - Attainment of the qualification

- 1. To achieve the Master's Degree, the student must acquire 120 ECTS credits.
- 2. Consideration that 60 credits correspond to one year, the duration of the degree course is two years.

#### Art. 5 - Enrollment in the Master's Degree Course

- 1. Enrollment in the CdLM is subject to possession of a three-year degree or a three-year university diploma, or other qualification, also obtained abroad, recognized as suitable. Furthermore, enrollment can be completed only after a positive verification of the curricular requirements and an adequate personal preparation of the applicant, as defined in the following paragraphs.
- 2. In relation to art. 6, paragraph 2 of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, the possession of the curricular



requirements of those who request to enroll in the CdLM are considered as ascertained in the event that the applicant:

- has the Bachelor's Degree in Biotechnology, both that relating to the order of class 1 of the Ministerial Decree 04/08/2000, and that relating to the classification of class L-02, of the Ministerial Decree 16/03/2007
- has the Bachelor's Degree in Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, curriculum in Biotechnology, obtained at the University of Perugia.

In all other cases and in relation to the curricular requirements, for enrollment it is necessary that the applicant possesses at least 80 ECTS credits in basic and characterizing scientific-disciplinary sectors, as specified in Annex D, point 6.

For admission, a knowledge of the English language equal to level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference is also required.

The verification of the possession of the curricular requirements is carried out by a specific Commission appointed by the CCdLM with the purpose of verifying the competences and motivations of the candidate.

- 3. In relation to art. 6, paragraph 2 of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, the verification of the applicant's adequate personal preparation, which must necessarily be carried out after ascertaining the possession of the curricular requirements, is carried out by the same Commission referred to in the previous point, through an interview that it takes place according to the procedures defined in Annex D, point 7. The personal preparation of the applicant is given as proven for three-year graduates who obtained a graduation score equal to or greater than 90% (99/110 in the Italian graduation marks). In the event that the applicant has not demonstrated an adequate personal preparation, before completing the enrollment, he/she must complete the preparation according to the procedures set out in Annex D, point 7.
- 4. Initial enrollment and in the second year are carried out in compliance with the provisions of the RDA

#### Art. 6 - Access by transfer from other CdLMs

- 1. Enrollment in the CdLM can be requested by students coming from other CdLs of the University of Perugia or other universities.
- 2. The total or partial recognition of the credits acquired by the applicant is assessed by the CCdLM, also making use of a specific Commission.
- 3. The CCdLM, based on the application and documentation produced by the student, evaluates the transcript of records in other CdLMs and verifies the consistency between the didactic activities for which the student requests the recognition of the relative credits and the didactic activities foreseen by the CdLM referred to in this regulation. To this end, the CCdLM can make use of the opinions of the Professors of the CdLM directly involved in the recognition of credits. The CCdLM, if it deems it necessary, makes use of specific interviews to verify the knowledge actually possessed by the applicant.
- 4. In compliance with art. 3, paragraph 9 of the Ministerial Decree 16 March 2007, in the event that the transfer of the student is carried out between master's degree courses belonging to the same class, the



share of credits relating to a scientific-disciplinary sector recognized to the student cannot be less than 50% of those in the same sector already accrued. The CCdLM, in such cases, specifies the criteria adopted in the recognition.

5. The CCdLM provides for the total or partial recognition of the credits acquired by the applicant, giving reasons for any non-recognition of the credits for which the applicant expressed an application. However, any unrecognized credit is usually shown in the complementary certificate to the degree diploma (art. 26 RDA).

#### Art. 7 - Structure of the CdLM

- 1. The Degree Course in AEB is delivered in English. Upon request, the student can follow some courses in Italian present in the didactic offer of the DSA3. It includes the following types of training activities:
  - a) characterizing training activities, as per art. 10, paragraph 1, letter b) of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, equal to a total of 78 ECTS, organized according to what is reported in the annexes A, B and C;
  - b) training activities similar or supplementary to the basic and characterizing ones, as per art. 10, paragraph 5, letter b) of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, equal to a total of 12 credits, organized according to what is reported in the annexes A, B and C;
  - c) electives for 8 ECTS, as per art. 10, paragraph 5, letter a) of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, organized according to what is reported in annexes A, B, C and D;
  - d) activities for the thesis preparation and discussion for 16 ECTS, as per art. 10, paragraph 5, letter c) of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, organized according to what is reported in annexes A, B, C and D,.
  - e) practicals, internship activity for 6 ECTS, as per art. 10, paragraph 5, letter d) of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, , as reported in annexes A, B, C and D.

#### Art. 8 - Attendance obligations

- 1. The CdLM does not normally provide for an obligation to attend.
- 2. The credits relative to the practicals-internship activities are accrued following the frequency of the relative activities.

#### Art. 9 - Joint Commission for Didactics (CPD)

The CPD carries out the tasks envisaged by art. 43 of the Statute, the RDA and art. 11 of the DSA3 Regulation.

#### Art. 10 - Programming of training activities



- 1. Within the date set by current legislation and as established by the RDA, the CCdLM proposes for approval to the Department Council (CdD):
  - a. the annual plan of training activities and the related responsible teachers,
  - b. the program for each training activity, drawn up by the teacher in charge,
  - c. any attendance obligations for specific training activities,
  - d. the training activities other than study units planned by the CdD,
  - e. the periods of delivering the lessons, of the exam sessions and of the graduation exam,
  - f. teaching support activities to be submitted to the CdD.

#### Art. 11 - Forms of teaching

- 1. The teaching activities are carried out by the teachers in the form of theoretical and/or practical lectures (official teaching) in the classroom or in the laboratory.
- 2. Lectures are measured in hours carried out by the teacher, hours that are used for the of the credits for each activity. As required by art. 5 of Ministerial Decree 270/2004, 1 credit corresponds to 25 hours of overall activity (assisted and individual) carried out by the student. The following table indicates the number of hours of commitment, for different training activities and for 1 credit:

Type of didactic activity	Individual (hours)	Assisted (hours)	
Official teaching	9	16	
Thesis	5	20	

- 3. On the basis of the indications of the previous paragraph, a course of 6 credits includes 54 hours of official teaching, which can also be delivered in several rounds.
- 4. In the annual planning phase the CCdLM identifies the person in charge of each training activity.
- 5. The teachings of the CdLM are carried out by the teachers in a way that they are not in common with other CdL or CdLM, except as provided for in the annual didactic planning.

#### Art. 12 - Programs of training activities

- L. The training activity programs must be defined and implemented in such a way as to ensure compliance with the objectives set and the credit assigned to them, as indicated in Annex B.
- 2. The program of each training activity is prepared annually by the teacher in charge and approved by the CCdLM and transmitted to the CdD.
- 3. According to the provisions of art. 16 paragraph 4 of the RDA, the CCdLM may request, with a motivated resolution, modifications to the proposed program on the exclusive basis of the purposes referred to in art. 12 paragraph 1 of the RDA. In the event that the CCdLM does not approve the program, the matter is brought to the examination of the CdD and, where necessary, of the Academic Senate.



- 4. For documented reasons, the teacher in charge of each training activity can ask to be relieved of the scheduled assignment by the CdD.
- 5. According to the regulations in force the programs of the training activities assigned to professors and researchers of other Departments or of other Universities or to external experts are defined by the CCdLM which proposes them for approval by the CdD.

#### Art. 13 - Tutoring

- 1. The CdLM makes use of the service of the Didactic Secretariat for guidance tutoring organized by the DSA3, aimed at directing and assisting students before, during and after the course of studies, to make them participate in educational progress, to remove obstacles for a profitable attendance of courses, to facilitate their entrance in the world of work, also through initiatives related to the needs, attitudes and desires of individuals.
- 2. The CdLM avails itself of the collaboration of the Job-Placement service of the University of Perugia and of the DSA3.

#### Art. 14 - Training activities carried out abroad

For the development and recognition of training activities carried out at foreign universities, are valid the rules established by the RDA and by the University regulations for Erasmus mobility.

#### Art. 15 - Educational activities and services for part-time and off-course students

1. Following any requests from students and within the deadline set by article 10, annually the CCdLM assesses the opportunity to organize extraordinary educational services and activities for the recovery of students who are out of course and for those unable to use ordinary educational services.

#### Art. 16 - Proof of profit

- 1. In accord to the provisions of art. 28 and 29 of the RDA and in compliance with the criteria set out in point 5 of annex D, the assessment of students' learning is carried out through exams by a specific Commission.
- 2. Exams are carried out in sessions distributed in specific periods of the acasemic year, as indicated in Annex D, point 5. The calendar of exams is proposed by the teachers to the CCdLM and approved by the CdD by October of each year.
- 3. For didactic activities with pass / fail assessment the verification of students' level of learning is carried out by the teacher or teachers involved in the training activity, according to methods established by them, approved annually by the CCdLM and made known to the students at the beginning of the activities.
- 4. As indicated in point 5 of annex D, students regularly attending lectures and practicals can take advantage of ongoing tests eventually proposed by the teachers, in compliance with the regular



performance of other scheduled training activities.

#### Art. 17 - Evaluation of the didactic activity

1. Pursuant to Legislative Decree 49/2012 and Ministerial Decree 47/2013, as well as in close collaboration with the CPD, the CCdLM carries out all the assessments related to the periodic accreditation of the Course and the quality of teaching provided annually by the University,

#### Art. 18 - Commission of selection for the final exam

- 1. The final exam Commission is appointed by a Rector decree after recommendations of the President of the study program.
- 2. The members of the Commission ranges between seven and eleven, with at least five effective members be teachers and / or researchers involved in the CdLM, and by 2 alternate members. The members of the Commission are prioritely identified as among the supervisors and co-supervisors of the thesis and among those who carry out teaching activities within the CdLM.
- 3. Only for non-postponed commitments and, in any case, at least 5 days before the date of the graduation session, a member of the Commission can ask the president of the CdLM to be replaced by an alternate member.
- 4. The final exam Commission is chaired by the president of the CdLM or by the dean of the professors members of the commission, or by another teacher indicated by the president. The alternate members must be available until the closing of the proceedings.

### Art. 19 - Criteria for allocating material and financial resources for training activities

- 1. The material, financial and human resources available for the training activities of the CdLM are identified annually by the CdD who allocates them in terms of maximum effectiveness, taking into account the activities of all the CdLM.
- 2. The financial resources available for each training activity are assigned annually by the CdLM according to the didactic commitment related to the same activity.

#### Art. 20 - Modification of the Regulations

1. Amendments to these Regulations are approved by the CCdLM, subject to the opinion of the CPD, and approved by the CdD, in accordance with the provisions of the RDA.

#### Art. 21 - Entry into force of these Regulations

1. In relation to the didactic system referred to in this regulation, the CdLM is activated starting from the Academic Year 2020-2021.



2. This regulation enters into force on the following day issued by Rector's Decree.

#### Art. 22 - Postponement

1. For anything not provided for in the previous articles, the rules and principles of Ministerial Decree no. 270/2004 and subsequent DM relating to it and the RDA.



### MASTER DEGREE COURSE in AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Class LM-7 Agricultural Biotechnology of DM 270/2004)

#### The Degree Course in brief

The Master's Degree Course in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology (AEB) is dedicated to the training of a specialist able to use all the techniques of biotechnology, both conventional and advanced, in order to collaborate in the development of research and technological application projects on agricultural and environmental sectors.

### Professional profile and career and career opportunities for graduates Functions in a work context

The graduate in AEB acquires high levels of knowledge in the scientific, technical and productive development of biotechnological tools to be applied in the agricultural and environmental sector; he/she will be able to operate at high responsibility levels, alone or in collaboration with other professionals, in the following functions:

- management of agroecosystems, including the reintroduction of genetically characterized microorganisms, plants and animals;
- conservation and use of plant, animal and microbial genetic resources of agricultural importance;
- characterization by molecular techniques of food products for quality control;
- selection of plants, animals and microorganisms, to improve the quality and/or quantity of agricultural and agro-industrial products, and to obtain pharmaceutical, industrial, environmental, medical and veterinary products;
- use of techniques aimed at the genetic transformation of plants, microbes and animals with particular interest in advanced biotechnological applications characterized by low environmental risk;
- foodstuffs control for presence of GMOs and assessment of the environmental risk associated with the introduction of GMOs, also for the purpose of correctly applying the precautionary principle;
- quality control of seed and nursery products.

#### Skills associated with the function

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology develop the following skills:

- ability to find information, analyze and interpret the data necessary to conduct research and to plan actions in the agricultural and environmental biotechnology sector;
- ability to identify appropriate methods and techniques for problem solving;
- ability to draw up technical reports and projects and communicate correctly in Italian and English;
- ability to use IT tools in the biotechnology field;
- ability to plan and develop conventional and biotechnological breeding methods;
- ability to plan interventions in the fields of crop protection and agro-industrial products, the study of the impact of genetically modified organisms, pollution control and environmental remediation, risk control in the agricultural biotechnological industry.

#### **Employment opportunities**

The graduate's career opportunities are foreseen in the context of business service activities through consultancy and planning of interventions concerning advanced biotechnologies in the agricultural



sector, in public administration and in public and private research institutions. Following the freelance profession, the profile of the graduate falls within that envisaged for the professions of agronomist and biotechnologist. Graduates will therefore be able to operate:

- at organizations, companies or professional studios/laboratories that deal with environmental enhancement and protection;
- in seed and nursery industries;
- at public and private scientific research bodies;
- in public and private bodies that carry out experimentation activities in conventional, assisted and advanced genetic improvement and control of the spread of GMOs in the environment and the assessment of the related environmental risk;
- at product certification bodies in the vegetable, animal and industrial processing sectors
- at public and private certification bodies and analysis laboratories;
- in the educational sector, at training centers, schools, universities

#### The course prepares for the profession (ISTAT codes)

Biotechnologists - (2.3.1.1.4)

Agronomists and foresters - (2.3.1.3.0)

#### **Admission procedures**

Enrollment in the CdLM in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology is subject to the possession of a three-year degree or a three-year university degree, or other qualification obtained abroad, recognized as suitable.

In particular, the possession of curricular requirements of those who intend to enroll in this CdLM are considered as ascertained if those who apply to enroll are in possession of a three-year degree in Biotechnology, relating to the didactic system referred to class 1 of the Ministerial Decree 04/09/2000 o to the didactic system referring to class L-02, of the DM 16/03/2007, or the Bachelor's Degree in Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, Biotechnology curriculum, obtained at the University of Perugia.

In all other cases, for enrollment it is necessary, in relation to the curricular requirements, that the applicant possesses at least 80 CREDITS in basic and characterizing scientific-disciplinary sectors, as specified below:

SSD	Minimum credits	Maximum credits
AGR/07, AGR/16	0	12
AGR/01	0	6
AGR/02, AGR/03, AGR/04, AGR/11, AGR/12, AGR/13, AGR/15, AGR/17, AGR/18, AGR/19	0	20
BIO/01, BIO/02, BIO/03, BIO/04, BIO/05, BIO/06, BIO/09 BIO/10, BIO/11, BIO/12, BIO/13, BIO/14, BIO/15, BIO/16, BIO/17, BIO/18, BIO/19	20	70
CHIM/01, CHIM/02, CHIM/03, CHIM/06, CHIM/08, CHIM/09, CHIM/10	9	20
MAT/01, MAT/02, MAT/03, MAT/05, MAT/06, MAT/07, MAT/09, FIS/01, FIS/03, FIS/07, FIS/08, INF/01	6	12

For admission, a knowledge of the English language equal to level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR) is also required.

Verification of the personal preparation of candidates for admission is carried out by a specific Commission appointed by the Degree Course Council.



#### Specific training objectives of the course and description of the training path

The master's degree program in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology aims to train graduates with a solid multidisciplinary scientific background and with the professional skills necessary to carry out the following activities:

- carry out biotechnological interventions, also by means of genetic engineering, aimed at optimizing the productive and reproductive efficiency of organisms of agricultural interest;
- conceive, design and manage technical-scientific projects correlated with the biotechnological disciplines of the agricultural sector;
- operate autonomously, assuming structure and project responsibilities;
- evaluate the effects on agroecosystems of the use of pesticides and the presence of their residues in different matrices:
- develop and fine-tune survey methods for the characterization of organisms of agricultural interest;
- select plants, animals and microorganisms in order to improve the quality and/or quantity of agricultural products, and to obtain useful products in other sectors such as the pharmaceutical, industrial, environmental, medical and veterinary sectors;
- produce microorganisms of agricultural and agro-industrial interest;
- produce plants of agricultural interest by means of micropropagation techniques;
- carry out the genetic transformation of plants and microorganisms;
- Identify genetically modified organisms (GMOs) and products derived from GMOs in foodstuffs;
- characterize and control food products using molecular techniques;
- check the varietal characteristics of the crops;
- control agroecosystems through advanced biotechnology approaches;
- study biodiversity using molecular techniques, with particular attention to plant, animal and microbial agricultural genetic resources.

These knowledge and understanding skills are acquired during the 2 years of the CdLM, during which the student acquires 120 credits. During the first year, students will deepen the study of plant development and will acquire the basics for the correct conduct of biological-agricultural experimentation and the interpretation of its results. They will then learn the theoretical basis of genetic improvement through the study of biometric genetics and genomics, with elements of bioinformatics applied to genomics; in the second semester they will acquire knowledge on biodiversity and its evolution. All this knowledge will allow to deepen the techniques and methods of genetic improvement, both conventional and biotechnological, of plants and farm animals. Students will then learn the use of microorganisms for industrial biotechnological productions and their importance in environmental monitoring and remediation.

During the second year, the preparation will be devoted more to agricultural production: agricultural chemistry, agronomy and sustainable crops, the seed industry and technologies for the propagation of tree species. The preparation will finally be completed by the study of the basic concepts of economics applied to biotechnology. The internship and the experimental activities related to the preparation of the master's degree thesis will occupy a large part of the activities of the second semester.

The total number of exams including the final dissertation is 12. Lectures, practicals, seminars and educational visits are organized in four semesters. In particular, each study unit can be monodisciplinary or based on two modules. The student can choose elective courses (8 credits), including the Italian Language at the Linguistic Center of the University of Perugia.



Each student can ask for assistance and be oriented on his/her entry and in progress by the staff of the Student didactic service of the Department. On leaving, the career orientation is carried out by the Job placement service of the DSA3. All aspects relating to the organization and management of the master's degree program in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology are described in the specific Didactic Regulations, available on the DSA3 website.

#### Ability and understanding and Ability to apply knowledge and understanding: Summary

#### Knowledge and capacity from understanding

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology acquire and know how to use the specific skills of knowledge (knowledge) listed below: knowledge of biology applied to biotechnology, knowledge of experimental methodology, knowledge of microbial biotechnology for agro-industry and the environment, knowledge concerning the evolution and conservation of biodiversity, biometric genetics and molecular biology techniques, knowledge concerning plant and animal genetic biotechnologies, knowledge of agricultural chemistry and biotechnologies applied to tree and herbaceous crops, advanced knowledge of entomopathological biotechnology, knowledge of economics and management of biotechnologies.

The ability to understand knowledge is acquired with classroom lessons and individual study, verified with ongoing tests, discussion sessions and final exams.

#### Ability to apply knowledge and understanding

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology acquire the skills to identify, locate, obtain and analyze the data necessary to conduct research and to plan actions inherent in carrying out the profession of biotechnologist. In particular, through the use of appropriate methods and techniques learned during the training course, he is able to apply the knowledge acquired in the following applications and skills:

express themselves with a correct written and oral technical vocabulary in English (the language in which the course is held), use IT tools in the biotechnology field, plan and develop biotechnological projects, use analysis methods in the biotechnology sector and interpret the results, plan and develop methods of genetic improvement, apply advanced biotechnologies in the defense of crops and agroindustrial products, develop techniques for the identification and study of the impact of genetically modified organisms, intervene in the field of coexistence between biotechnological, conventional and organic agriculture, use microbial techniques in pollution control and environmental remediation, manage research projects, quality systems, carry out risk control in the agricultural biotechnology industry, develop, manage and evaluate basic, pre-competitive and industrial development research projects in the sector of the b agricultural technology.

The ability to apply the acquired knowledge is developed with the participation in exercises, in the classroom, in the laboratory and in the open field; participation in seminars will also contribute to the students' ability to re-elaborate theoretical information in an applicative sense. These skills are verified through specific written reports, mainly relating to the internship and the thesis, according to the methods specified, for each activity, in the didactic regulations of the degree course.

#### Ability and understanding and Ability to apply knowledge and understanding: details

#### Knowledge and understanding

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology will acquire how to use the specific skills of knowledge listed below and grouped into functional classes with respect to the main specific objectives of the course:



#### KNOWLEDGE OF BIOLOGY APPLIED TO BIOTECHNOLOGY

Knowledge of vegetative growth and the reproductive system of plants, with particular attention to plant species of agricultural interest. Knowledge of cellular communication systems and how the flexibility of plant metabolism allows them to face, through acclimatization and adaptation mechanisms, environments that change their characteristics over time.

KNOWLEDGE OF MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR AGROINDUSTRY AND THE ENVIRONMENT Knowledge necessary to use biotechnological approaches in the microbial world for the purposes of environmental conservation and recovery and in the field of industrial microbiology.

### KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EVOLUTION AND CONSERVATION OF BIODIVERSITY, BIOMETRICAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY TECHNIQUES

Knowledge on the plasticity of the eukaryotic genome, on the changes of genomes and chromosomes, on polyploidy and the evolution of plants, on molecular cytogenetics. In-depth knowledge on the disturbing factors of Hardy Weinberg's law, on inbreeding and its effect on quantitative traits and on heterosis.

Knowledge on the genetic constitution of diploid and polyploid populations, on continuous variation, heritability of characters and response to selection. In-depth knowledge on the use of biochemical and molecular markers, on gene mapping, on gene expression analysis, on DNA sequencing and bioinformatics analysis, on genetic improvement assisted by molecular markers. Knowledge of agricultural biodiversity and genetic resources, gene pools, evolution of the genetic diversity of the main cultivated species, use of genetic resources in the varietal constitution, in situ and ex situ conservation.

#### KNOWLEDGE REGARDING VEGETABLE AND ANIMAL GENETIC BIOTECHNOLOGIES

In-depth knowledge of selection theory, its applications and methods of genetic improvement of predominantly self-pollinating, mainly allogamous and vegetative propagation plants. In-depth knowledge of advanced genetic biotechnologies for the isolation of genes from plants, the optimal expression of introduced genes, gene silencing, clean genetic engineering techniques.

Knowledge of animal genetic improvement and the importance of biotechnologies in the livestock sector. Applications of molecular biotechnologies to animals in livestock production. Reproductive biotechnologies and their applications in animal husbandry. Knowledge of the main regulatory aspects relating to the production and dissemination in the environment of genetically modified organisms.

### KNOWLEDGE OF AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGIES APPLIED TO TREE AND HERBACEOUS CROPS

Knowledge of herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, formulas and chemical-physical properties of the compounds most used in agricultural practices. Biological activity of the compounds described. Notes on the determination of residues on different matrices. Primary and secondary metabolites. Role of secondary metabolism in living things. Knowledge necessary for understanding the functions of arboreal and shrubby plants and types of greenery. Skills to be able to work in the field of plant genetic biotechnology using in vitro culture approaches. Also for the purpose of conserving agricultural genetic resources. Basic knowledge of herbaceous crops and seed production as sectors of application of advanced biotechnologies. Specific knowledge of the production chains of the main herbaceous and horticultural crops and of the seed production sector with reference to the problems and perspectives related to the application of biotechnologies.



#### ADVANCED KNOWLEDGE OF ENTOMOPATHOLOGICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Knowledge on insect-other organisms interactions and on ecological, ethological and physiological manipulation of arthropods also as regards the evaluation of the related eco-toxicological aspects. Knowledge of genetic manipulation and transformation for defense against arthropods. Expertise in mass production of natural arthropod antagonists, in quality control and risk assessment. Knowledge of the aggression factors of pathogens, of the molecular aspects of pathogenicity and virulence, of avirulence, resistance and defense genes of plants. Knowledge of molecular signals in plant-pathogen interaction. Expertise in strategies for obtaining transgenic plants resistant to biotic diseases and in molecular characterization and diagnosis.

#### KNOWLEDGE OF ECONOMICS OF BIOTECHNOLOGIES

Knowledge of the dynamics of innovative processes, with particular reference to economic and managerial issues. Knowledge of the biotechnological industrial world and the management of research projects such as organizational processes, quality systems, risk control, reality and perspectives of the biotechnology industry in Italy. Knowledge of the relationships between business economics and biotechnological disciplines. Classification of companies according to the criterion of value for the stakeholders. The business-economic system. Management and project management. The structure of the economic accounts and the capital formation process in biotech companies. Financial management. Notes on company evaluation. Corporate strategy concept. Management control in research activities. The organizational system and organizational processes.

#### Ability to apply knowledge and understanding

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology, in general, acquire the skills to identify, locate and obtain the data necessary to conduct analytical investigations and to plan actions inherent to the performance of the biotechnologist profession. In particular, through the use of appropriate methods and techniques that are part of the training course, he is able to apply the knowledge of knowledge acquired, thus obtaining the following skills of knowing how to do (skills):

- be able to express themselves with a correct written and oral technical vocabulary in the mother tongue and in English;
- know how to use IT tools at the level of research and agro-industrial production in the biotechnology field;
- knowing how to plan and develop biotechnological projects applied to the environment, plant and animal production and agro-industry;
- use analysis methods in the biotechnology sector and know how to interpret the analytical results,
- know how to plan and develop genetic improvement methods in plants, animals and microbes using conventional and advanced biotechnology approaches;
- know how to apply advanced biotechnologies in the defense of crops and agro-industrial products from entomopathological attacks;
- know how to develop techniques for identifying genetically modified organisms at the environmental level and components derived from genetically modified organisms in agri-food products;
- being able to evaluate the effect of the introduction of genetically modified organisms at the level of the environment, crops and agri-food products and knowing how to intervene, in collaboration with other professionals, in the sector of coexistence between biotechnological, conventional and organic agriculture;



- know how to use microbial techniques in pollution control and environmental remediation;
- know how to evaluate the technical and economic results of a biotechnology company and prepare general projects for its development;
- knowing how to solve the problems of a technical nature that may arise during the carrying out of basic, pre-competitive research and industrial development projects in the vegetated, animal and microbial biotechnology sector.

The ability to understand knowledge and to know how to use it is acquired through participation in exercises, in the classroom in the laboratory and in the open field, and in seminars and is verified during the oral tests and/or specific written reports according to the specified methods, for each activity, in the didactic regulations of the degree course.

#### Autonomy of judgment; Communication skills; Learning ability

#### Autonomy of judgment

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology will have the ability to integrate knowledge to manage the complexity implicit in sustainable development processes. He/she acquires the autonomy to judge the reliability of the information necessary for the activities that characterize his work and to make decisions in a critical and synthetic way to solve problems. For the purposes of the course, graduates will also be sensitized to focus their attention on the skills of knowing how to be (social responsibility of organizations, technology risks, technology sustainability). These skills will be favored by the coordinated carrying out of all didactic activities and by specific seminars. The monitoring of the achievement of learning outcomes in terms of independent judgment takes place during the course of the assessment of the individual courses and, in particular, of the final exam.

#### Communication skills

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology have the ability to clearly communicate information, ideas and problem solving to specialist and non-specialist interlocutors, both nationally and internationally, through written and oral forms. He/she knows how to use the main tools of Information and Communication Technology to carry out his business. They will have acquired the communication and interpersonal skills to be able to work in a group, be able to manage or coordinate other people in the context of decision-making and negotiation processes. These skills will be fostered through the carrying out of specific seminars and supported with the creation of specific reports during the development of the more professionalizing courses. The monitoring of the achievement of learning outcomes in terms of communication skills takes place during the course of the assessment of the individual courses and, in particular, of the final exam.

#### Learning ability

Graduates in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology have the skills and the level of autonomy essential to attend the third level of university education and to face the continuous updating of the knowledge and skills necessary for the profession. The verification of the acquisition of this skill takes place during the period of realization of the thesis related to the final exam.

#### Characteristics of the final exam

In order to be admitted to the discussion of the final exam, it is necessary to have acquired 100 out of 120 credits foreseen in the study plan of the course.

The training activities related to the preparation of the final exam for the attainment of the title



provide for an educational load equal to 16 credits, which can be increased to 20 by linking part of the credits assigned to the internship activities to those of the final test, by way of preparation. The final exam consists in the elaboration of a theoretical-practical study on a topic of significant interest for the agricultural and environmental biotechnology sector.

The choice of the topic relating to the paper and/or report is made by the graduate student, according to his or her scientific and professional interests and the type of research and experimentation activities carried out by the teachers of the DSA3. For this purpose, the graduate student identifies the availability of a teacher of the DSA3 who can play the role of guide for the preparation of the paper and/or of the report and of supervisor during the discussion of the final exam. Furthermore, the supervisor is responsible for verifying the operational commitment of the graduate student during the preparation and for assessing the completeness of the paper and/or report before the discussion. The final exam consists in the presentation and discussion of the paper and/or report in front of a specific commission. The evaluation will follow the criteria established in the Didactic Regulations of the CdLM and DSA3. The evaluation is expressed in one hundred and ten with possible honors .

Characteristic training activities

Disciplinary area Sector				
Biotechnological	Biotechnological AGR/07 Agricultural genetics			
disciplines	AGR/16 Agricultural microbiology			
general	AGR/17 General animal husbandry and genetic improvement			
Biotechnological	AGR/02 Agronomy and herbaceous crops	28-34		
disciplines	AGR/03 General arboriculture and tree crops			
agricultural	AGR/11 General and applied entomology			
	AGR/12 Plant pathology			
	AGR/15 Food science and technology			
	BIO/04 Plant physiology			
Management and	AGR/01 Economy and rural appraisal	0-6		
ethical disciplines	IUS/14 European Union law			
<b>Total credits reserved for characterizing activities</b> (from DM min 45)				

#### Related activities

Disciplinary area	Sector	CREDITS
Related or	AGR/13 - Agricultural chemistry	12
supplementary	BIO/03 - Environmental and applied botany	
training activities		

Other didactic activities (DM 270 art.10 §5)		CREDITS
Electives (Article 10, paragraph 5, letter a)		8
Final exam, thesis discus	al exam, thesis discussion (Article 10, paragraph 5, letter c)	
Additional training	Further linguistic knowledges	-
activities (Article 10,	IT and telematic skills	-
paragraph 5, letter d)	Training and orientation internships	6
	Other useful knowledge for entering the world of work	-
Total credits reserved for other activities		30-34
Total credits for the attainment of the MSc degree title		120



For the coverage of similar or supplementary training activities, scientific-disciplinary sectors (SSDs) were chosen, included in the characterizing disciplinary areas (BIO/03 and AGR/13).

On the merits, the skills provided by these SSDs are complementary to the achievement of the knowledge transferred from the disciplines of the SSDs AGR/02, AGR/03, AGR/07 and AGR/16. In fact, the development of plants, treated in the teaching "Biology of the development of higher plants" (BIO/03), is not generally dealt with in the Biotechnology Degrees, but is required to complete and broaden the knowledge relating to the disciplines of Advanced genetic improvement of plants (AGR/07), Herbaceous crops, seed activities and biotechnologies (AGR/02) and Biotechnologies applied to nursery activities (AGR/03).

The Agricultural Chemistry course (AGR/13) gives students, particularly those coming from the CdL in Biotechnology, complementary knowledge and those acquired in the courses of Field crops, seed production and biotechnology (AGR/02) and Microbiology applied to the environment (AGR/16), in particular those relating to the behavior and fate of pesticides in the plant-soil system, which could not be acquired otherwise. The SSD BIO/03 and AGR/13 are therefore effective in pursuing the training objectives set out in the LM.

The Didactic Regulations of the study course and the programmed Educational Offer will allow students who wish to follow training courses in which there is an adequate amount of credits in similar and supplementary sectors that are not already characteristic.



### MASTER DEGREE COURSE in AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Class LM-7 Agricultural Biotechnology of DM 270/2004)

#### **Teaching and Training activities**

#### YEAR 1 – SEMESTER 1

#### PLANT DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

**Educational objectives:** The aim of this subject is to provide students with knowledge about the development and structure of plants useful for the definition and organization of complex experiments of plant biotechnology. The students will acquire knowledge concerning the mechanisms of development (embryonic, cauline, radical and floral) and of differentiation in Angiosperms, as well as knowledge of the mechanisms of plant-environment interactions. Students' skills will be deepened in evaluating the most useful methodologies in studying the biology of plants, in understanding the genes involved in plant development, in evaluating the results of experimental data and in critically assess recent scientific literature related to the plant biology.

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits:** 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.

#### EXPERIMENTAL METHODS IN AGRICULTURE

**Educational objectives**: The course aims to provide the students with theoretical background and practical tools to design scientifically sound experiments and to carry out the statistical analysis of data and presentation of the results. Basic aspects on experimental design include: main experimental designs, the use of ANOVA, application of the linear regression, multiple comparison procedures, non-linear regression.

Teaching methods: conventional

Credits: 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.

#### **BIOMETRICAL GENETICS**

**Educational objectives:** To provide the students with the necessary information to understand the phenomena and evolutive forces acting in natural and improved populations, in qualitative and quantitative traits, as well as the knowledge to manage conventional and advanced breeding



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

programs. The course also provides the student with detailed knowledge of techniques based on molecular markers, gene expression and cloning in order to use them in the context of assisted genetic improvement. Finally, some aspects of bioinformatics will be developed such as the use of basic commands applied both to genomic analysis based on SNPs (GWAS) and to DNA methylation in plants of agricultural interest.

**Module:** Quantitative genetics **Teaching methods:** conventional

**Credits:** 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

**Module:** Genomic analysis and principles of bioinformatics

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits: 7** 

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.

#### YEAR 1 - SEMESTER 2

#### APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

**Educational objectives:** Provide students with knowledge relating to innovative biotechnological processes in the field of microbial biotechnologies applied to food, nutraceutical, pharmaceutical and food additive industries; deepen the aspects related to the use of selected microorganisms for innovative biotechnological processes. Provide students with knowledge related to the concept of diversity and microbial presence in natural environments and environmental technologies, in relation to their metabolic capacity and by observing the main factors affecting their survival.

**Module:** Industrial Microbiology **Teaching methods:** conventional

**Credits:** 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

**Module:** Environmental Microbiology **Teaching methods:** conventional

Credits: 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

#### **EVOLUTION OF PLANT BIODIVERSITY**

**Educational objectives:** Provide essential information and concepts for understanding the origin of biodiversity. To explore the evolutionary pathways of the living organisms by studying the genome and chromosome modifications and the identification of chromosome variants. To understand the importance of wild flora for the study of evolutionary processes and the maintenance of biodiversity. Provide the students with knowledge of the main events connected to the processes of domestication of plants and animals.

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits:** 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

#### ADVANCED BREEDING

**Educational objectives:** The aim of the course is to provide knowledge on techniques and strategies to improve plants and animals of agricultural interest through traditional methods and advanced genetic biotechnologies. The goal will be achieved through lectures, practices and educational visits.

Module: Advanced plant breeding Teaching methods: conventional

Credits: 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

**Module:** Advanced animal breeding **Teaching methods:** conventional

Credits: 5

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 45

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

#### YEAR 2 - SEMESTER 1

#### AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

**Educational objectives:** Students will study the impact of pesticides on the soil/plant system and on the human health; the impact of pesticides on the cycle system of the water; the rules for pesticides utilization. The student will be able to estimate the environmental concentrations of pesticides in soil and water, the sustainable pest control strategies as alternative of the chemical



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

pesticides and the biotechnological methods to manage the organic wastes and byproducts to produce organic fertilizers promoting circular economy.

Teaching methods: conventional

Credits: 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.

#### BIOTECHNOLOGY APPLIED TO PLANT NURSERY PRODUCTION

**Educational objectives:** The subject will provide the students with the theoretical and practical background of plant propagation through biotechnological applications such as the basics of in vitro cultures (totipotency, regenerative processes and growing conditions) and plant micropropagation, with particular focus on their nursery applications. Innovative techniques and technologies to improve the management of vitro-derived plant material will be described.

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits:** 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

#### BIOTECHNOLOGIES FOR PLANT HEALTH

**Educational objectives:** Main knowledge and skills that the students are expected to acquire are: the most important and economically relevant insects and other arthropods; molecular and conventional systematics and diagnostics in entomology; ecological and physiological interactions of arthropods with other organisms; exploitation of entomological resources; pest management. Ability to apply the acquired knowledge in entomology. Students are also expected to acquire the molecular aspects of the infectious process of pathogenic fungi and bacteria, of the race-specific resistance and of induced plant defense responses. They will learn the principles of molecular diagnosis of plant disease and will be able to plan experiments, extract DNA from phytopathogenic bacteria and fungi, apply the basic analytical methods for the study of plant-pathogen interactions.

Module: Insect Biotechnology Teaching methods: conventional

Credits: 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral and presentation of one of the treated topics.

**Module:** Molecular plant pathology **Teaching methods:** conventional

**Credits:** 6

**Types of teaching**: theoretical and practical lectures



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

Learning assessment: oral exam.

#### YEAR 2 - SEMESTER 2

#### FIELD CROPS, SEED PRODUCTION AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

**Educational objectives:** The aim of the course is to provide students with elements of crop science related to the most important agricultural crops, particularly in biotechnological aspects of seed biology and seed production. The educational goal is achieved through lectures and practices, analysis of scientific articles and educational visits.

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits:** 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

#### **ECONOMICS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**Educational objectives:** The aim of the course is to provide students with the knowledge and tools to understand the dynamics of the innovative processes of biotechnology companies, with particular reference to economic and managerial issues. Applications in the agricultural field will be carried-out by examining the economic aspects concerning the supply and demand of genetically modified foods, insect-resistant fibers, food processing. The economics of the biotechnological industry in will be treated, including the economic tools to examine the strategies used by the most important biotechnology companies.

Teaching methods: conventional

**Credits:** 6

Types of teaching: theoretical and practical lectures

Hours: 54

Prerequisites: none

**Learning assessment:** oral exam.

#### PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES

**Educational objective**: the Practical activities includes stages in laboratories and private companies aimed at acquiring the professional skills required in the working sector. (see Annex D).

**Credits:** 6 (possibility to extend it up to 2 additional credits credits from the Electives)

**Types of teaching:** supervised and individual work.

Hours: 150-200

**Learning assessment:** final report (see Annex D).

#### FINAL DISSERTATION



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

**Educational objectives**: Writing and discussing a thesis based on a research study covering any topic related to agricultural and environmental biotechnology. The activity is carried out with the guidance of a supervisor (see Annex D).

Credits: 16

**Types of teaching:** assisted and individual work **Hours:** 400 including tutoring and individual work

Learning assessment: presentation and discussion of the paper

All courses are taught in English. Upon request, the student will be able to include in the Elective course credits offered at the DSA3 (mostly in Italian) and/or at the CLA (Linguistic Centre of the University of Perugia) and at other Departments.



Master of Science degree course in: Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology

Academc year: 2022/2023

Didactic venue Perugia

President: Prof. Luigi Russi

Web site: <a href="http://dsa3.unipg.it/en/aeb">http://dsa3.unipg.it/en/aeb</a>

Access to further studies: 2nd level Master degree, Research Doctorate

Maximum number of enrollments: 60

Exam No	Year	Sem.	Study units	Module	Scientific Area	Credits	Disciplinary area
1	1	1	Plant developmental biology		BIO/03	6	Plant biotechnology
2	1	1	Experimental methods in agriculture		AGR/02	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
3	1	1	Biometrical genetics	Quantitative genetics	AGR/07	6	General biotechnologies
3	1	1	Biometrical genetics	Genomic analysis and principles of bioinformatics	AGR/07	7	General biotechnologies
4	1	2	Evolution of plant biodiversity		AGR/07	6	General biotechnologies
5	1	2	Applied microbiology	Industrial microbiology	AGR/16	6	General biotechnologies
5	1	2	Applied microbiology	Environmental microbiology	AGR/16	6	General biotechnologies
6	1	2	Advanced breeding	Advanced plant breeding	AGR/07	6	General biotechnologies
6	1	2	Advanced breeding	Advanced animal breeding	AGR/17	5	General biotechnologies
7	2	1	Agricultural chemistry		AGR/13	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
8	2	1	Biotechnology applied to plant nursery production		AGR/03	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
9	2	1	Biotechnologies for plant health	Insect biotechnology	AGR/11	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
9	2	1	Biotecnologie entomopatologiche avanzate	Molecular plant pathology	AGR/12	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
10	2	2	Field crops, seed production and biotechnology		AGR/02	6	Agricultural biotechnologies
11	2	2	Economics of biotechnology		AGR/01	6	Management and ethical disciplines
	2	2	Electives			8	
	2	2	Final dissertation			16	
	2	2	Practicals			6	



### Master's Degree Course in AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Class LM-7, Agricultural Biotechnology, DM 270/2004)

In this annex are listed the criteria and rules to which the student must refer in order to follow the training activities of the Master's Degree Course (CdLM) and to carry out the related tests. In particular, it provides information on:

- 1. Electives (activity chosen by the student);
- 2. International activities (Erasmus mobility programs);
- 3. Practicals (internship);
- 4. Final examination;
- 5. Procedures and criteria for verifying the progress of the student;
- 6. Access requirements;
- 7. Admission procedures.

#### **Abbreviations**

CCdLM Council of the Master's Degree Course in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology

CdD Council of the Department of Agricultural, Food and Environmental Sciences

CdLM Master's Degree Course CFU University Training Credits

DSA3 Department of Agricultural, Food and Environmental Sciences

SD Didactic secretariat
SS Student's secretariat
TPA Practicals (internship)

#### 1. ELECTIVES

- 1.1 Electives up to 8 credits should be choosen by the student amongst the training activities scheduled by the University of Perugia. The President of the CdLM verifies their consistency with the training objectives of the AEB CdLM.
- 1.2. The student ask the CdLM for authorization to carry out training courses at other Italian or foreign universities, in whole or in part.
- 1.3. At the request of the student the President of the CdLM can recognize amongst the electives the type and the number of credits credits acquired by courses other than those listed in the previous points 1.1 and 1.2, only if the credits had been previously foreseen by the calls and from the programs of these courses.
- 1.4. In the event a student is transferred from another CdLM, he/she can requests as electives some credits acquired in the CdLM of origin; the CCdLM evaluates whether the request is consistent with the educational objectives of the AEB CdLM and eventually approve them.
- 1.5. The student must submit to the SD the request for the elective credits at least 30 days before their onset, by using a specific form available on the DSA3 website The President of the CdLM will evaluate the request and, once approved, transmits it to the SS. The requests for recognition referred in point 1.3 above can be presented by the student outside the terms there indicated.



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

- 1.6. In the event that the choice is aimed at acquiring eligibility for a second foreign language or for a more advanced level of English, the student must refer to the procedures defined in paragraph 2 of this annex.
- 1.7. In the event that the choice concerns activities carried out in an international context, the student must refer to the procedures defined in paragraph 2 of this annex.
- 1.8. To integrate his/her practicals, the student can use a maximum of 3 credits amongst the electives to carry out activities in one or more DSA3 laboratories, other than those in which he/she will carry out the thesis / final exam and the internship activities; in each laboratory the student must complete a minimum of 25 hours (1 credit). The request must be validated by the lab supervisor. During this period the student will keep records in an appropriate register and at the end submit a written report on the activities carried out to the supervisor, who will register the credits in the student's curriculum.
- 1.9. The student can use up to a maximum of 4 credits of the Electives in activities scheduled annually by the CdD and defined as Other Educational Activities.

#### 2. INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

- 2.1. Every year the University publishes a call for student applications with a number of international mobility grants (ERASMUS for Studies or ERASMUS Traineeship, Framework Agreements, etc.). Destinations, monthly grants, deadlines and participation procedures are announced on the DSA3 website.
- 2.2. Before departure, the students who won a mobility grant is asked to develop a program of didactic activities (teaching, internship, laboratory aimed at the degree thesis / final test) to be carried out at the host university (*Learning Agreement*). The Erasmus Commission of the Department evaluates the adequacy of the didactic proposal and eventually approves it.
- 2.3. At the end of the stage the activities actually carried out by the student, duly certified by the host University, are recognized in the student's curriculum with a resolution of the ERASMUS Commission of the Department, ratified by the CdLM or CdD.
- 2.4. The same rules as in paragraph 3 of these Regulations applies for internship carried out abroad, with part of the application forms replaced by the Learning agreement. The recognition of the internship activity is carried out by the Erasmus Commission of the Department and ratified by the CdLM or CdD.
- 2.5. The recognition of the activities carried out abroad and aimed at the preparation, drafting and discussion of the degree thesis / final exam takes place at the time of discussion / graduation.
- 2.6. For students who have successfully completed a study program abroad the Graduating Commission can assign up to a maximum of 2 additional marks.
- 2.7. The minutes of the recognition resolution are sent to the SS and to the Erasmus Office of the University.

#### 3. PRACTICALS (Internship TPA)

3.1. Agreements with the institutions where the TPA takes place



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

- a. The TPA credits are 6 (see point 3.3 below for the possibility of extensions) and can be carried out in university research laboratories and/or in other Italian or foreign public and private bodies (research institutes, companies, industries, professional firms).
- b. The institutions where students can carry out the TPA are only those that signed a specific agreement with the DSA3, defined according to the indications of the University of Perugia or that host students in international mobility.
- c. The student who intends to promote a new agreement with an institution not yet affiliated with the DSA3 must submit a detailed description of it to the teacher chosen as tutor for the TPA. The Tutor submits the proposal to the CCdLM that, after verifying its suitability with the objectives of the AEB CdLM, eventually approves it and ask the Director of the DSA3 to sign the new Agreement.
- d. The institution that intend to sign an agreement with the DSA3 in order host students willing to carry out the TPA must provide detailed indications on their activity, indicating the operations in which students are to be involved during the TPA period. These information are needed before signing a new agreement, as well as in case of renewal of an existing one.
- e. The affiliated institutions are included in a list available on the DSA3 website.

#### 3.2. Application for the TPA

- to. To apply for the TPA the student must have acquired 30 credits. The CCdLM may derogate from this requirement if adequately motivated.
- b. In the application form, available on the DSA3 website, the student must detail the the training objectives and the program of activities, both necessary in order to be covered by the University insurance. A copy of the application ios kept by the university tutor.
- c. The application must be submitted at least 30 days before the starting date of the TPA.
- d. The DSA3 responsible for the TPA verifies that all the required data are present and that the program is consistent with the declarations produced by the affiliated institution about the activities that the trainees will carry out and transmit it to the CCdLM for approval.

#### 3.3. Prolongation of the TPA activity.

The internship can be extended up to a total of 8 credits, drawing a maximum of 2 credits from the Electives. The student who intends to make use of this possibility must expressly declare it when submitting the TPA application.

#### 3.4. Recognition of credits for the TPA

Credits for the TPA are recognized only from:

- a. activities carried out by the student in the Erasmus mobility or in any other international mobility program, approved before the student's departure and recognized, upon his/her return, according to the procedures listed in paragraph 3 of this annex.
- b. The activities carried out within the National Voluntary Civil Service, up to a maximum of 4 credits. The CdD decides on the admissibility of the Civil Service projects proposed to the DSA3, evaluating the relevance of the activities foreseen in the projects with the training objectives of the Degree Course. The student who has carried out the TPA as part of the Civil Service projects approved by the DSA3 submits a request for recognition to the CCdLM, compulsorily documenting the nature and time commitment of the activities carried out. The CCdLM, on the basis of the documentation produced by the student, establishes the number of recognized credits.



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

#### 3.5. Conduct of the TPA

The student attends the institution for carrying out the TPA, carrying out the activities declared in the approved program.

The student keeps daily records of the TPA activities in a diary available on the DSA3 website, indicating the number of hours and the activities carried out. The diary must be validated by the tutor. For those carrying out the TPA abroad a certificate of end of mobility is required with an assessment by the supervisor on the activity actually carried out and on the final report presented by the student.

#### 3.6. Term and evaluation of the TPA

At the end of the TPA, the student must deliver the following documents to the university tutor:

- the TPA diary,
- the final report of the TPA,
- the evaluation questionnaire on internship activities by the student,
- the evaluation questionnaire of the company tutor. The forms are available on the DSA3 website.

The above documents are evaluated by the university tutor who will record the credits. The comments box of the Internship report must clearly indicate whether it was carried out in an INTERNAL / EXTERNAL / FOREIGN structure.

The tutor keeps the final written report and transmits all other documents to the SS which are processed by the SD.

#### 4. FINAL TEST

- 4.1. The activities related to the preparation of the final exam for the attainment of the qualification of the MSc degree foresee a credit load of 16.
- 4.2. These activities consist in a study on a topic of significant interest in the sector of biotechnologies applied to agricultural and environment sciences; in particular, the thesis will be developed after a research study concerning aspects of conventional and advanced biotechnologies.
- 4.3. At the request of the candidates involved the CCdLM evaluates the possibility of admitting works produced collectively by several students and the methods of their preparation and discussion; in such situations, the CCdLM must in any case be provided with the essential elements to evaluate the individual contribution of the candidates. The same procedure applies to requests to take the final exam at other Italian or foreign universities or research institutions.
- 4.4. The choice of the thesis topic is made by the student according to his/her scientific and professional interests and the type of research and experimentation activities carried out by the supervisor of the DSA3. For this purpose, the graduate student identifies the availability of a tutor of the CdLM or DSA3 with whom he wish to develop the topic of the thesis.
- 4.5. The tutor/supervisor plays the role of guide for the preparation of the thesis, is responsible for verifying the operational commitment of the graduate during its preparation and for assessing the completeness of the thesis before the discussion, exercises the function of supervisor during the discussion of the final test.
- 4.6. The costs for the preparation of the thesis are borne by the candidate.
- 4.7. The final exam consists in the presentation and discussion of the research thesis in front of a specific Commission.



# AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (AEB)

- 4.8. The Commission for the final exam is composed of the Professors of the CdLM, the DSA3, the three-year Degree Course in Biotechnology and the Departments involved in the degree courses in Biotechnology. The Commission is appointed by a Rector decree on a proposal of the President of the CdLM and is chaired by him/her or by the Dean of the Commission. The President of the CdLM can rectify the composition of the Commission only for documented commitments of one of the components.
- 4.9. The Commission expresses the evaluation of the final exam in marks out of 110, verifying the student's ability to explain and discuss the topic of his/her research with clarity and mastery, completeness and congruity, and by taking into consideration the overall student's curriculum. The final score is assigned on the basis of criteria established by the CCdLM.
- 4.10. The results obtained with the activity relating to the final exam can be disclosed with the consent of the candidate, the supervisor and any external partners possibly involved.
- 4.11. For admission to the discussion of the final exam, the student must:
  - have achieved all the credits required by the Didactic Regulations of the Degree Course for all didactic activities other than the final exam;
  - fulfill the obligations within the times indicated in the table below:

DOCUMENT	TERMS
Application for graduation	45th day before the date annually defined by the CdD
Delivery of the Thesis	20th day prior to the date annually defined by the CdD
Last exam	10th day before the date annually defined by the CdD

#### 5. PROCEDURES AND CRITERIA FOR EXAM TESTS

- 5.1. To take a test, the student must be in line with the payment of university fees and have taken the preparatory courses as indicated in Annex B of this AEB Regulation. They must also have completed the evaluation questionnaire for surveying students' opinions on teaching using the on-line procedures.
- 5.2. The dates of the tests for each study unit are established by the CCdLM in October, after the President of the CdLM had received the lecturers calendar.
- 5.3. The lecturer of each study unit indicates the place and time where the test will take place using the University On-Line Secretariat platform area (SOL-ESSE3). For the use of classrooms the lecturer must refer to the online classroom booking system. Any changes in the classroom and / or rescheduling of the tests must be communicated by the lecturer to the SD and by informing the students concerned well in advance.
- 5.4. The lecturer of each study unit can postpone the exam date and / or time only in the event of a sudden and mandatory commitment; in such a case only by postponing it and indicating the change in the On-Line University Secretariat (SOL-ESSE3).
- 5.5. Only for motivated didactic needs of the students the DD can authorize the anticipation of the exam date. In such a case the lecturer must also guarantee the original date to students who are not interested in sustaining the exam earlier.
- 5.6. The President of the Examination Commission, for serious and proven reasons, may ask the Director of the DSA3 for his/her replacement; in this case the substitute must be identified among the teachers indicated in the Examination Commission and entitles to register the exams.



- 5.7. The student signs up for the examination tests in the On-Line Secretariat area (SOL-ESSE3).
- 5.8. The methods by which the assessment of the achievement of each course is carried out are indicated in the course sheets on the University website (www.unipg.it/didattica/corsi-di-laurea). For activities based on pass / fail assessment, the level of learning is checked by the person in charge of each specific training activity according to the methods made known to the students at the beginning of the activities.
- 5.9. The Examination Commission carries out the tests and records the results by filling in the exam report. If the candidate does not want to continue the examination, the Commission will record "Renounced" in the notes.
- 5.10. In the event that the teaching is within the elective activities, the Teacher must indicate the Department, the Degree Course and the title of the course on the heading of the paper report, and in the notes report that the credits are "Electives".
- 5.11. Any corrections made to the paper report must be validated by the President of the Commission, by his/her signature.
- 5.12. In recording the exam performance, the President of the Commission transmits the written / online report to the SS for updating the students' career and assigning the relative credits.
- 5.13. Exam dates for each study unit are distributed throughout the year as follows:
  - summer session (from 1 June to 15 July): 3 exam sessions;
  - autumn session (September with the exception of the last week): 2 exam sessions;
  - winter session (from 10 January to the last week of February, excluded): 3 exam sessions;
  - December pre-exam (from 15 to 22 December);
  - sessions reserved for out-of-course students, to be agreed with the teachers.

#### 6. KNOWLEDGE REQUIRED FOR ACCESS TO THE DEGREE COURSE

Enrollment in the CdLM in Agricultural and Environmental Biotechnology is subject to a three-year university degree, or other qualification obtained abroad, recognized as suitable. In particular, following the application by a candidate his / her the curricular requirements are ascertained according to class 1 of the Ministerial Decree 04/09/2000 or to the didactic system referred to class L-02, of the DM 16/03/2007, Bachelor's Degree in Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, Biotechnology curriculum, obtained at the University of Perugia.

In all other cases and in relation to the curricular requirements, for enrollment it is necessary that the applicant possesses at least 80 credits in basic and characterizing scientific-disciplinary sectors (SSD), as specified below:

Scientific Area (SSD)	Minimum credits	Maximum credits
AGR/07, AGR/16	0	12
AGR/01	0	6
AGR/02, AGR/03, AGR/04, AGR/11, AGR/12, AGR/13, AGR/15, AGR/17, AGR/18, AGR/19	0	20
BIO/01, BIO/02, BIO/03, BIO/04, BIO/05, BIO/06, BIO/09 BIO/10, BIO/11, BIO/12, BIO/13, BIO/14, BIO/15, BIO/16, BIO/17, BIO/18, BIO/19	20	70



CHIM/01, CHIM/02, CHIM/03, CHIM/06, CHIM/08, CHIM/09, CHIM/10	9	20
MAT/01, MAT/02, MAT/03, MAT/05, MAT/06, MAT/07, MAT/09, FIS/01, FIS/03, FIS/07, FIS/08, INF/01	6	12

A knowledge of the English language of B2 level (CEFR, Common European Framework of Reference) is required for admission. On a transitional basis, the admission to the Academic Year 2022-23 of students with a B1 certification level is possible after a quick test verifying the linguistic competence; nevertheless, soon after the enrollment the students must acquire the B2 level certification at the University Language Center (CLA) within the first semester of attendance.

#### 7. METHOD OF ADMISSION

The adequate verification of the applicant's preparation, following the ascertainment of the curricular requirements, is carried out by a specific Commission appointed by the Degree Course Council, through an interview that takes place according to the procedures defined in the Didactic Regulation. In any case, the personal preparation of the applicant is considered as proven for three-year graduates who have obtained a degree mark higher than 99/110 or an average career mark of at least 27/30.

With a positive outcome of the verifications, the applicant can complete enrollment in the master's degree within the deadlines indicated in the University Academic Regulations and in that of the course of study. In the event that the verifications highlight shortcomings to the requirements, the applicant must provide evidence that the shortcomings have been overcome before completing enrollment in the course.

The basic skills required for access to the CdLM are indicated below.

Mathematics, probability calculus, statistics and computer science Main mathematical tools necessary for the understanding of a broad spectrum of elementary mathematical models (knowledge extended up to derivatives and integrals). Elements of combinatory. Probability of an event; probability of the logical sum of events; probability of the logical product of events. Total probability. Scientific procedure, measurement of natural phenomena, variability of experimental data. Absolute, relative and cumulative frequency distributions. Mean, fashion and median. Range of variation, deviance, variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variability. Confidence intervals of an average. Percentiles. Population and sample. Theoretical frequency distributions: normal distribution. Sampling from a normal distribution. Parameters and estimates. Estimation methods and criteria. Correlation and regression. Use of simple IT tools (functions and analysis tools of Microsoft Excel) for the statistical analysis of the data and for the visualization of the results.

**Physics** Concepts of space-time and measurement. Systems of units of measure. Dimensions of a physical quantity. Outline of vector calculus. Fundamentals of kinematics, kinematics of the material point, trajectory, motion on a predetermined trajectory: displacement, speed, acceleration. Fundamentals of Dynamics: concept of force. Force, weight and static measurement of forces. First, second and third principles of dynamics. Work and Energy: definition of work. Power. Power. Energy of position. Conservation of mechanical energy. Gases and liquids in equilibrium and in motion: pressure. Fluid statics. Thrust of Archimedes. Fluid kinematics. Bernoulli equation for perfect and real fluids. Thermodynamics: temperature, thermal equilibrium, temperature measurement. Work done on



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an ideal gas. Heat. Thermal equivalent of calorie. Thermal capacity and specific heat: first law of thermodynamics. Heat transmission: conduction, convection, radiation. Second law of thermodynamics. Entropy.

General and Inorganic Chemistry Basic notions of General Chemistry and Organic Chemistry useful for understanding the chemical and biochemical phenomena that will be taken into consideration in the study of the environmental impact due to organic xenobiotics, with particular reference to phytosanitary products and in the study of natural molecules which can be used as plant protection products. Knowledge useful for understanding the mechanisms underlying the biotechnological treatment of organic waste (composting and anaerobic digestion process). Particular attention must be paid to the knowledge of general chemistry related to: chemical bonds; balancing of chemical reactions; acid-base reactions and redox reactions; electrolytic dissociation; homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibria; equilibrium constant; water self-protolysis; strength of acids and bases; specific constant of speed, order of reaction; reaction mechanism.

Organic Chemistry Organic reactions and reaction intermediates. Main classes of organic molecules. Functional groups. Structural formulas. Aliphatic hydrocarbons Alkyl halides. Aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity. Alcohols and phenols. Organic sulfur compounds. Carboxylic acids and derivatives. Hydroxy acids, keto acids and amino acids. Nitro-derivatives. Aliphatic and aromatic amines. Carbohydrates, lipids, phospholipids. Heterocyclic compounds. Peptides, polysaccharides and nucleic acids.

Biochemistry Amino acids: structure and chemical-physical characteristics. General properties and biological functions of proteins. Levels of organization of the protein structure. Enzymes nomenclature and classification. Enzymatic catalysis. Enzyme kinetics. Regulation of enzymatic activity: pH, temperature, enzymatic inhibition. Regulatory enzymes. Isoenzymes. Constitutive and inducible enzymes. Coenzymes and water-soluble and fat-soluble vitamins. Glycides: monoses, disaccharides, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides. Lipids: fatty acids, triglycerides, phospholipids. Nucleosides, nucleotides and nucleic acids. Concepts of metabolism, anabolism and catabolism. Conservation of energy: ATP. Formation of glucose 6P. Glycolytic process and the pentose phosphate pathway. Gluconeogenesis, glycogenolysis and glycogenosynthesis. Biosynthesis of fatty acids, triglycerides, phospholipids and ketone bodies. Catabolism of fatty acids. Transamination. Urea cycle. Decarboxylation of amino acids. Synthesis of glutathione. Synthesis of creatine. Krebs cycle and respiratory chain.

#### Biology

The kingdoms of living organisms. Protists and origin of eukaryotes: endosymbiotic theory. Cell theory. Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. Virus. Eukaryotic cell. Plasma membrane: composition and ultrastructure; permeability and transport of ions and molecules. Intracellular compartments. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus. Lysosomes. Vesicular transport, exocytosis and endocytosis. Peroxisomes. Mitochondria. Nucleus: chromatin, chromosomes, nucleolus. Cytoskeleton: microtubules, microfilaments and intermediate filaments. Cellular communication. Chemical signals. Membrane and intracellular receptors. Signal transduction. Cell cycle in eukaryotes. Apoptosis. Asexual and sexual reproduction. Meiosis. Gametogenesis and fertilization. Energy metabolism. The cell and energy. The flow of energy. Role of ATP and cellular work. Heterotrophic, chemoautotrophic



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and photoautotrophic organisms. Energy metabolism. Photosynthesis. Cellular respiration. Plant cytology: typical structures of the plant cell. Cell wall and its secondary modifications. Plastids. Vacuole. Primary and secondary meristems. Plant tissues: origin, cytological characters and functions.

#### Microbiology

General microbiology: cellular and molecular organization of prokaryotes, asexual and sexual reproduction and stages of microbial development, physicochemical factors influencing microbial growth, disinfection and sterilization, *in vitro cultivation* of microorganisms (culture media, isolation, storage). Main organic molecules, types of energy metabolism in microorganisms (glycolysis, homoand hetero-fermentations, aerobic and anaerobic respiration).

**Genetics** Mendelian genetics: Mendel's laws, extensions and exceptions. Mutations. Mechanisms of recombination. Determination of the genetic basis of the characters. Linkage and genetic maps. Bacterial and phage genetics. The nature of the gene. The genetic code. Regulation of gene expression. Population genetics: gene and genotype frequencies and their determination; Hardy Weinberg's law of equilibrium; *fitness* and adaptation.

**Molecular Biology** Structure and properties of DNA and RNA. Organization of the genome and genes in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Molecular maps of the genome. Restriction endonucleases. DNA replication. Reactions catalyzed by DNA polymerases. DNA polymerase chain reaction. DNA repair systems. Homologous and site-specific recombination. Transposons. Transcription in prokaryotes. Structure of prokaryotic promoters. Eukaryotic polymerase. Regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. Protein synthesis. Maturation of transcripts and alternative splicing. Recombinant DNA technologies: vectors for cloning, construction, cloning and selection of recombinant DNA.